

BaswareONE SFTP Technical documentation



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REVISION HISTORY

Rev	Description of the change	Author	Date
1.0	Initial release	Robin De Keyzer	09/03/2012
1.1	Basware styling	Thomas Dekeyser	15/10/2015
1.2	Added BaswareONE	Sven Melkebeek	01/12/2015



1 Introduction

This document is meant to describe the SSH File Transfer Protocol as implemented as a server on BaswareONE.

2 SSH File Transfer Protocol

A network protocol that provides file access, file transfer, and file management functionality over any reliable data stream. This protocol assumes that it is run over a secure channel, such as SSH, that the server has already authenticated the client, and that the identity of the client user is available to the protocol.

3 Technical specifications

The currently used version of the SSH File Transfer Protocol is SSH-2.0.

4 Practical guidelines

When uploading a file to our server, we will pick the message up in a fixed timeframe (usually in less than a minute) and remove the file from the upload directory.

When downloading a file from our server, you will need to remove the file after downloading it to avoid downloading the file more than once.

5 Authentication

Authentication needs to be happen using a username / password combination. Login through certificates isn't supported.

6 Commands

6.1 Connecting

sftp [user@]host

Connect to the server with an optional user already defined. The server will then ask for the password to grant you access.

Test: ftp.ct.baswareone.com:5022

Production: ftp.baswareone.com:5022

6.2 Upload files

The implementation only foresees in uploading one file at a time. Uploading a directory isn't possible.

put [flags] local-path [remote-path]



Upload local-path and store it on the remote machine. If the remote path name is not specified, it is given the same name it has on the local machine. If the -P flag is specified, the file's full permission and access time are copied too.

6.3 Download files

The implementation only foresees in downloading one file at a time. Downloading a directory isn't possible.

get [flags] remote-path [local-path]

Retrieve the remote-path and store it on the local machine. If the local path name is not specified, it is given the same name it has on the remote machine. If the -P flag is specified, then the file's full permission and access time are copied too.

6.4 Directory structure

cd path

Change remote directory to path.

Icd path

Change local directory to path.

Ils [Is-options [path]]

Display local directory listing of either path or current directory if path is not specified.

lpwd

Print local working directory.

Is [flags] [path]

Display remote directory listing of either path or current directory if path is not specified. If the -I flag is specified, then display additional details including permissions and ownership information.

pwd

Display remote working directory.

6.5 Delete files

rm path

Delete remote file specified by path.

rmdir path

Delete remote directory specified by path.



6.6 Change files

chmod mode path

Change permissions of file path to mode.

rename oldpath newpath

Rename remote file from oldpath to newpath.

6.7 Misc

exit

Quit sftp.

help

Display help text.

quit

Quit sftp.